CAUTION **KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING**

FARMAI INX

Trifluralinx 480

HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 480 q/L TRIFLURALIN SOLVENT: 557 q/L LIQUID HYDROCARBON



A pre-emergence herbicide for the control of annual grasses and certain broadleaf weeds in certain horticultural and agricultural crops as listed in the Directions for Use table.

IMPORTANT: THIS BOOKLET IS PART OF THE LABEL ATTACHED TO THE CONTAINER. READ THOROUGHLY BEFORE OPENING OR USING THIS PRODUCT.



FARMALINX Ptv Ltd ABN 95 134 353 245 Level 25, Suite 2506, Tower 2, 101 Grafton Street, Bondi Junction NSW 2022 T: 02 9389 2455 E: 02 9389 2844 W: www.farmalinx.com

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: 1. FIELD CROPS

SITUATION	WEEDS	STATE	R	ATE /SOIL TYP	Έ	CRITICAL COMMENTS
& CROP			LIGHT	MEDIUM	HEAVY	
Chickpeas	Annual Ryegrass, Paradoxa Grass (Canary Grass), Wireweed (Hogweed), Black Pigweed Suppression of Climbing Buckwheat (Black Bindweed), soil surface Wild Oats	Qld only	1.25-1.7 L/ha	1.25-1.7 L/ha	1.25-1.7 L/ha	Use 1.25 L/ha when applying immediately prior to sowing. Use 1.7 L/ha when applying to dry soil before the planting rain.
	Annual Ryegrass, Wireweed (Hogweed), Deadnettles, Wild Oats	Vic only	800 mL/ha	plus 1.6 L/ha A	vadex* Xtra	Incorporate as per recommendations for wheat, barley and triticale.
	Red & White Fumitory, Rough Poppy, Wireweed, Annual Ryegrass, Barley Grass, Canary Grass, Sand Fescue Suppression of Deadnettle, Speedwell, Three Cornered Jack, Yellow Burr Weed, Brome Grass, Cereal Oats and soil surface Wild Oats	SA only	1.25 L/ha	1.25 L/ha	1.25 L/ha	Apply to level seedbed 0 to 4 weeks before sowing. Incorporate as per Incorporation Table 6.
Adzuki Beans, Cowpeas, Lablab, Mung Beans, Borlotti Beans, Red Kidney Beans	Amaranthus, Annual Ryegrass, Barnyard Grass, Caltrop, Crab Grass, Paradoxa Grass (Canary Grass), Pigweed, soil surface Wild Oats, Winter Grass, Wireweed Suppression of Fumitory	NSW, ACT only Qld, NSW, ACT only	1.2-1.5 L/ha	1.5 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	Apply from 4 weeks up to just prior to sowing. Refer Incorporation Table 3, 4 or 5 for suitable method of incorporation.
Faba Beans	Annual Ryegrass, Barley Grass, Capeweed, Corn Gromwell (Sheepweed), Fumitories, Geranium, Ivy Leaf Speedwell, Mustards, Turnips, Wireweed Suppression of Brome Grass, Soursob and soil surface Wild Oats	SA, WA only	1.1 kg/ha Simazine 900DF			Apply to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. For full reliable results, significant rainfall (20 or 30mm) is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application.

SITUATION	WEEDS	STATE	R	ATE /SOIL TYP	È	CRITICAL COMMENTS
& CROP			LIGHT	MEDIUM	HEAVY	
Pigeon Peas	Amaranthus, Barnyard Grass, Canary Grass, Crowsfoot Grass, Pigweed, Spiny Burrgrass, Summer Grass, soil surface Wild Oats, Wireweed (Hogweed) Suppression of Yellow Vine (Caltrop) From seed only: Columbus Grass, Guinea Grass, Johnson Grass, Liverseed Grass	NSW, ACT only	1.2 L/ha	1.5 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	Apply between 4 weeks and just before sowing. Refer to Incorporation Table 3, 4 or 6 for suitable method of incorporation.
Lentils	Annual Phalaris, Annual Ryegrass, Wild Oats, Wireweed	NSW, ACT only	800 mL/ha	1.2 L/ha	1.2 L/ha	Apply 1 to 4 weeks before sowing.
	Fumitory – Red and White, Rough Poppy, Wireweed, Barley Grass, Canary Grass, Annual Ryegrass, Sand Fescue	SA only	1.25 L/ha	1.25 L/ha	1.25 L/ha	Apply 1 to 4 weeks before sowing.
Navy Beans	Annual Ryegrass, Barnyard Grass, Canary Grass, Caltrop (Bullhead, Yellow Vine), Crab	All States	1.2 L/ha	1.5 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer incorporation Table 3, 4 or 5 for suitable method of incorporation.
Soybeans	Grass, Mossman River Grass (Innocent Grass), Pigweed, Redroot (Amaranthus), Redshank (Prince of Wales Feather), Summer Grass, soil surface Wild Oats, Winter Grass, Wireweed (Hogweed) From seed only: Columbus Grass, Guinea Grass, Johnson Grass, Liverseed Grass (Urochloa)		1.2 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	2.3 L/ha	
Vetch	Annual Ryegrass, Deadnettle, Wireweed, soil surface Wild Oats Suppression of Brome Grass, Rough Poppy, Speedwell, Three Cornered Jack, Yellow Burr Weed, Sheepweed	SA, WA only	1.7 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	Apply to level seedbed 0 to 4 weeks before sowing. Refer to Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation.

SITUATION	WEEDS	STATE	R	RATE /SOIL TYPE		CRITICAL COMMENTS
& CROP			LIGHT	MEDIUM	HEAVY	
Cotton	Crab Grass, Mossman River Grass (Innocent Weed), Pigweed, Redroot (Amaranthus), Redshank	QId, NSW, ACT, WA only	1.2 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	2.3 L/ha	Spray between 6 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 1 & 2 for method of incorporation.
Legume Seed Crop Establishment - Annual Medics - Clover (Berseem, Red, Strawberry, Sub and White)	(Prince of Wales Feather), Summer Grass, soil surface Wild Oats, Winter Grass, Wireweed (Hogweed), Black Pigweed (Old only) From seed only: Columbus Grass, Guinea Grass, Johnson Grass, Liverseed Grass (Urochloa), Annual Ryegrass, Barnyard Grass, Canary Grass, Caltrop (Bullhead/ Yellow Vine), Phalaris spp., Fumitory	NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	1.2 L/ha 1.2 L/ha	1.2 L/ha 1.7 L/ha	1.7 L⁄ha 1.7 L⁄ha	Autumn Sowing – Apply from 4 weeks to 7 days before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation. Spring Sowing – Apply between 4 weeks and 3 days before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation.
- Lucerne for hay and seed crop		All States				In both cases seedling disease, cold weather, excessive moisture, high salt concentrations and drought could weaken crop seedlings and damage could occur from the use of this product. Temporary crop suppression could result.
Linseed		NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA only	1.2 L/ha	1.5 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	Spray 2-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be 1.3 to 2.5 cm. Deeper sowing may result in some stand reduction. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation.
Peanuts		Qld, WA only				Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 3, 4 or 5 for suitable method of incorporation.
Peas		All States				Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 6 or 11 for
Canola, Safflower						method of incorporation.
Sugar cane - Early Season - Late Season		Qld, NSW only	3.0 L/ha	3.0 L/ha	3.0 L/ha	Apply to plant cane after emergence to "out of hand" stage. Apply to ratoon cane immediately after
- Laie Season			2.3 L/ha	2.3 L/ha	2.3 L/ha	harvest. Refer Incorporation Table 3, 7 or 10 for suitable method of incorporation.
Sunflowers		All States	1.2 L/ha	1.5 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 3, 4 or 5 for method of incorporation.

SITUATION	WEEDS	STATE	F	RATE /SOIL TYPE		CRITICAL COMMENTS
& CROP			LIGHT	MEDIUM	HEAVY	
Lupins	Crab Grass, Mossman River Grass (Innocent Weed), Pigweed, Redroot (Amaranthus), Redshank (Prince of Wales Feather), Summer Grass, soil surface Wild Oats, Winter Grass, Wireweed (Hogweed), Black Pigweed (Old only) From seed only: Columbus Grass, Guinea Grass, Johnson Grass, Liverseed Grass (Urochloa), Annual Ryegrass, Barnyard Grass, Canary Grass, Caltrop (Bullhead/ Yellow Vine), Phalaris spp., Fumitory	All States	1.2 L/ha	1.5 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation. WA only: Use higher rate for heavier stubble coverage. Stubble coverage above 40-50% ground cover can reduce weed control below acceptable levels. Refer table 13 for method of incorporation.
	Annual Grasses and Broadleaf Weeds	QId, NSW, ACT, Vic only		800 mL/ha plus g/ha Simazine S		Use a low volume boom applying 50-100 L/ ha spray mixture. Apply to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing the crop. Incorporate within 4 hours of application. D0 NOT apply to a ridged soil.
	Capeweed, Turnip, Radish, Doublegee Suppression of Annual Ryegrass and soil surface Wild Oats	WA only	560-83	1.25 L/ha plus 0 g/ha Simazin	e 900DF	Rate for Yellow Sands. Refer to incorporation Tables 11, 12 or 13.
	As above plus suppression of Brome Grass		1.25 L/ha plus 1.1 k/ha Simazine 900DF			Rate for all other soil types. Apply to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing. Incorporation should be made within 4 hours of application. Application should not be made to ridged or excessively cloddy soil. For Simazine to be effective sufficient rainfall (20-30 mm) to wet the soil through the weed root zone is necessary within 2-3 weeks of application. Results with Simazine can be variable if seasonal conditions are dry prior to sowing and Lupins are sown into dry or low moisture seed beds.

SITUATION	WEEDS	STATE	F	ATE /SOIL TYP	Έ	CRITICAL COMMENTS
& CROP			LIGHT	MEDIUM	HEAVY	
Lupins – continued	Capeweed, Doublegee, Wild Radish, Wild Turnip Suppression of Annual Ryegrass, soil suface Wild Oats, Brome Grass		DODF	DO NOT use on white or grey sands as severe crop damage may result. Use tank mix of Diuron & Trifluralin where Annual Ryegrass is present. Apply pre-sowing stage when using Incorporation method in Table 13. For Post-sowing Pre-emergent application, ensure seed is adequately covered with soil. Refer to Incorporation Table 12.		
	Red & White Fumitory, Rough Poppy, Wireweed, Barley Grass, Canary Grass, Annual Ryegrass, Sand Fescue Suppression of Deadnettle, Speedwell, Three Cornered Jack, Yellow Burr Weed, Brome Grass, Cereal Oats, soil surface Wild Oats	SA only	1.25-1.7 L/ha	1.25-1.7 L/ha	1.25-1.7 L/ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation.
	Above weeds plus Capeweed, Common Fumitory, Geranium, Indian Hedge Mustard, Shepherd's Purse, Toadrush, Turnips Suppression of Ice Plant, Soursob	SA only		L/ha to 1.7 L/ha kg/ha Simazin		Use a low volume boom applying 50-100 L/ ha spray mixture. Apply to bare moist soil and incorporate to a depth of 5 cm just prior to sowing the crop. Incorporate within 4 hours of application. D0 NOT apply to a ridged soil.
Tobacco	Summer Grass, Crowsfoot Grass, Red Natal Grass, Love Grass, Button Grass, Rhodes Grass, Pigweed	Qld only	800 mL/ha	1.2 L/ha		Apply to soil 3-4 weeks prior to transplanting. The longer period to be used for applications made during June & July. Incorporate to a depth of 10 cm.
	Crowsfoot Grass	NSW, ACT only	800 mL/ha	1.2 L/ha	1.2 L/ha	Apply to light sandy soil 14 to 21 days before transplanting. D0 NOT incorporate to a depth greater than 6 cm. Apply to loam (medium soil) 14 to 21 days before transplanting. D0 NOT incorporate to a depth of greater than 6 cm.

SITUATION	WEEDS	STATE	RATE /SOIL TYPE		E	CRITICAL COMMENTS
& CROP			LIGHT	MEDIUM	HEAVY	
Wheat, Barley & Triticale 1. Pre-Sowing Only	Annual Ryegrass, Wireweed (Hogweed), Phalaris spp.	NSW, ACT, Vic, WA only	800 mL/ha	800 mL/ha	800 mL/ha	Apply 1-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be at least 5 cm. Use cover harrows behind combine. Ground should be left flat. DO NOT use pre-sowing on self-mulching soils
2. Pre-Sowing & Post Sowing (self- mulching soils)	Fumitory Canary Grass	WA only Vic only				as damage may occur from wheel tracking and poor control of wild oats. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation.
SOIIS)	As above, except for Fumitory	Vic only				Pre-sowing: Apply more than 4 weeks before sowing to prevent crop damage. Post Sowing: Apply within 2 days after sowing to well prepared seedbed. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for suitable method of incorporation.
Wheat	Annual Ryegrass, Paradoxa Grass (Canary Grass), soil surface Wild Oats, Wireweed (Hogweed)	Qld only	800 mL/ha	800 mL/ha	800 mL/ha	On non self-mulching soils apply 1-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be at least 5 cm. Use cover harrows behind combine. Ground should be left flat. On self-mulching soils, as above except apply more than 4 weeks before sowing to prevent crop damage. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for method of incorporation.
Barley						Apply to self-mulching and non self-mulching soils from 1-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be at least 5 cm. Use cover harrows behind combine. Ground should be left flat. Refer Incorporation Table 6 for suitable method of incorporation.
Wheat, Triticale, Rye	Annual Ryegrass, Red & White Fumitory, Phalaris spp., Wireweed Suppression of Deadnettle, Rough Poppy, Yellow Burr Weed	SA only				Apply 1-4 weeks before sowing. Sowing depth should be at least 5 cm. Use cover harrows behind combine. Ground should be left flat. DO NOT use pre-sowing on self-mulching soils as damage may occur from wheel tracking and poor control of wild oats. Refer Incorporation
Barley	As above for SA plus Sand Fescue and suppression of Brome Grass		1.25 L/ha	1.25 L/ha	1.25 L/ha	Table 6 for method of incorporation.
Wheat & Triticale only	Annual Phalaris	NSW, ACT only	800 mL/ha plus 20 g/ha Glean* or Lusta*			If possible, spray and incorporate into the soil in one operation. If this is not possible incorporation should take place within 4 hours of spraying. Delay may cause inferior weed control.

SITUATION WEEDS STATE RATE CRITICAL COMMENTS & CROP Wheat, barley Annual Ryegrass, Wireweed, QId, NSW, 1.5L-2 L/ha Use Higher rate on Lighter Sandy and Sandy and triticale Vic, SA, Loam Soils. DO NOT use on heavy soils. Use Phalaris spp., Fumitory WA only with Knife/Blade point sowing equipment. Use higher rate for heavier stubble coverage. Stubble coverage above 40-50% ground cover can reduce weed control below acceptable levels. Refer table 13 for method of incorporation. Application can occur 0-24 hrs prior to incorporation by sowing. For best results apply as close as possible to sowing (within 12 hours). Application 12-24 hours before sowing may be more adversely affected by above average soil moisture, warm Winter temperatures and high weed seed densites. These factors individually

1.25-1-7 L/ha plus 1.1 kg/ha Simazine 900DF

WA only

Chickpeas

or combined may reduce final weed control

Incorporate as per Incorporation Table 13.

levels.

2. FIELD CROPS: FOR USE IN NO-TILL/MIN-TILL CROPPING SYSTEMS, PRE-SOWING OR INCORPORATED BY SOWING (IBS). (Using Incorporation Table 13)

3. VEGETABLES, ORCHARDS AND VINEYARDS

SITUATION	WEEDS	STATE	RATE /SOIL TYPE			CRITICAL COMMENTS
& CROP			LIGHT	MEDIUM	HEAVY	
Transplants Only Broccoli, Cabbage, Cauliflowers, Tomatoes	Annual Ryegrass, Barnyard Grass, Canary Grass, Caltrop (Bullhead, Yellow Vine), Crab Grass, Mossman River Grass (Innocent Grass), Pigweed, Redroot (Amaranthus), Redshank (Prince of Wales Feather), Summer Grass, Soil surface Wild Oats, Winter Grass, Wireweed (Hogweed)	All States	1.2 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	2.3 L/ha	Spray between 4 weeks and just before sowing takes place. Refer Incorporation Table 3, 4 or 5 for suitable method of incorporation.
Direct Seeded Only Broccoli Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage		es Feather), Summèr rface Wild Oats, Winter				
Cauliflower	From seed only: Columbus Grass, Guinea Grass, Johnson Grass, Liverseed Grass (Urochloa)	Qld, Vic only				
Carrots		All States				
Chicory		Vic only				-
Green Beans		All States	1.2 L/ha	1.5 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	
Orchards and Vineyards		Qld, Vic, Tas, SA, WA only	1.2 L/ha	1.7 L/ha	2.3 L/ha	Apply to new planting during pre plant cultivation. Apply to established crops in Spring after weeds and green manure crop has been ploughed into ground. Refer Incorporation Table 8 or 9 for suitable method of incorporation.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

WITHHOLDING PERIOD: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

THIS PRODUCT MUST BE INCORPORATED INTO THE SOIL WITHIN 4 HOURS OF APPLICATION EXCEPT WHERE THE CROP IS SOWN WITH MINIMUM TILLAGE SOWING EQUIPMENT (FITTED WITH KNIFE POINTS OR BLADES LESS THAN 12 MM WIDE, USUALLY WITH PRESS WHEELS) WHERE APPLICATION MAY OCCUR UP TO 24 HOURS BEFORE INCORPORATION BY THE SOWING PROCESS.

INCORPORATION TABLE

- 1. Prior to furrowing out:- 2 workings at an angle required using Offset or Tandem disc harrows.
- 2. After furrowing out:- 2 workings required using Go-Devil discs or Lilliston cultivators set at 10 cm depth.
- 3. Rotary Hoe:- 1 working required at 5-7.5 cm depth. Sugar Cane:- 7.5-13cm depth.
- 4. Offset or Tandem Disc Harrows:- (preferably with spiked harrows in tandem) 2 workings at an angle required at 7.5-15 cm depth at 6.5-10 km per hour.
- Heavy Diamond or Stump Jump Harrows:- (weighted 20-30 kg per section) at 10-13 km/hr speed. Then cross work with offset or tandem disc harrows set to 7.5-15 cm depth at speed 6.5-10 km per hour.
- Weighted Heavy Diamond or Stump Jump Harrows:- (weighted with 20-30 kg per section) at 10-13km/hr. Cross work with combine at 5-7.5 cm depth at speed of 10-13 km/hr.

- Disc Ratoon Cultivator:- 2 workings needed with discs and cultivator set at 7.5-13 cm depth.
- Offset or Tandem Disc Harrows:- set at 7.5-15 cm depth. A second discing is required working in opposite direction with discs set to throw treated soil into tree or vine row.
- 9. Rotary Hoe:- 1 working needed at 5-10 cm depth.
- 10. Offset Discs (Bumpers):- 2 workings needed at depth of 7.5-13 cm.
- 11. Incorporation by sowing (IBS) on suitably prepared seedbed with heavy diamond harrows trailing or as a separate operation.
- 12. Post-sowing/Pre-emergence: Use heavy diamond harrows cross working at right angles to the direction of sowing. DO NOT attempt this method of incorporation on poorly prepared, clumpy or cloddy soils.
- 13. Incorporation by Sowing (IBS) with knife or blade points. Use press wheels to avoid dragging treated soil back into the seed furrow. Maintain slow to moderate speed to ensure that soil throw is not into adjacent furrows."

Note

- a. Knife or blade point systems can result in poor weed control in the seed furrow as chemical displacement from this zone occurs. Stubble coverage above 40-50% ground cover can reduce weed control below acceptable levels.
- b. A Knife or blade point is 12 mm or less, has no wings, inverted T or blade, and is generally placed on a minimum member of the Dinitronilines group of herbicides. FARMALINX Trifluralinx 480 Herbicide has the inhibitors 8 inch tyne spacing.

MIXING

This product is an emulsifiable concentrate which mixes readily with water. Add the recommended amount to the spray tank during filling operation and apply 70-450 L of water/ha (broadcast basis) dependent on soil type and stubble coverage level. For minimum tillage/stubble retention seeding systems use of the higher water volumes may help reduce the impact of stubble.

Ensure adequate agitation is continued throughout the operation. Leaving the made up spray mixture for long periods of time without agitation is not recommended.

Under hot conditions or where possible spray and incorporate into the soil in one operation. Delay may cause inferior weed control. Use properly calibrated standard low pressure (170-340 kilopascal) boom type sprayer with fan tips.

CONDITIONS FOR BEST RESULTS

This product must be thoroughly incorporated as recommended. Soil should be well worked and free of weeds at time of application. Product effectiveness may be reduced by inadequate incorporation, high organic matter, excess clods, crop or trash residues, stones or other foreign matter and in areas of unnaturally high weed seed population such as header tracks or livestock rest areas. Trifluralin is volatile and disappears from exposed surfaces. Loss is hastened by high temperatures, winds or warm moist soil.

Integrated Weed Management:

The use of Integrated Weed Management techniques in conjunction with FARMALINX Trifluralinx 480 Herbicide are always recommended. Agronomic practices that reduce the weed seed bank in the soil prior to the use of FARMALINX Trifluralinx 480 Herbicide will result in higher weed control levels from FARMALINX Trifluralinx 480 Herbicide. Failure to use Agronomic and Integrated Weed Management practices that reduce the weed seed bank in the soil will result in higher weed seed populations. Paddocks with excessively high weed seed banks may have sufficient weed numbers surviving such that final weed control may be considered below a commercially acceptable level and additional herbicide treatments may be necessary. The use of Integrated Weed Management techniques will also reduce the potential for the development or survival of Group D herbicide resistance weed biotypes.

WILD OATS

Germinating wild oat seeds lying on soil surface will be controlled. Therefore, specific wild oat control is only possible with shallow cultivation. Poor control will occur on self mulching soils and all soil types where deep cultivation is practised.

COMPATIBILITY

This product may be mixed in the spray tank with:

Herbicides: Avadex* Xtra, Lusta*/Glean*, Nugran*/Logran*, Diuron 900 DF, Simazine 900 DF, Nuquat* 250, Gramoxone*, Spray•seed*, Broadstrike*, Spinnaker*, Bladex*, Sencor*/Lexone*, Credit*/Bonus* Insecticides: Chlorpyrifos 500EC, Endosulfan 350EC.

- Note 1: Information on compatibility is understood to be correct at the time of publication, however products may vary from time to time, therefore a small scale compatibility test should be carried out before mixing in the spray tank.
 - 2: Observe any mixing sequence instructions for tank mix products.

EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE AND USAGE

Keep the spray unit for herbicides only if possible. Otherwise, spray tanks, pumps, lines and nozzles should be thoroughly rinsed several times with clean water following application. Spraymate Tank & Equipment Cleaner is suitable for this purpose and will also remove Trifluralin stains.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

FARMALINX Trifluralinx 480 Herbicide is a member of the Dinitronilines group of

GROUP D HERBICIDE

herbicides. FARMALINX Trifluralinx 480 Herbicide has the inhibitors of tubulin formation mode of action. For weed resistance management FARMALINX Trifluralinx 480 Herbicide is a Group D herbicides. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to FARMALINX Trifluralinx 480 Herbicide and other Group D herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by FARMALINX Trifluralinx 480 Herbicide or other Group D herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, FARMALINX Py Ltd accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of FARMALINX Trifluralinx 480 Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

DO NOT use in high winds.

DO NOT exceed rates specified, to avoid crop damage.

D0 N0T plant sensitive grasses such as oats, sorghum, millets, phalaris spp., ryegrass or wheat for 12 months following the use of this product except where wheat follows wheat or other winter crops.

D0 N0T plant oilseed poppies when a detectable residue of Trifluralin is present in the soil. Levels as low as 0.02 ppm may interact with other unfavourable factors (moisture, stress, disease etc.) to reduce poppy growth and vigour.

D0 $\ensuremath{\text{NOT}}$ apply to orchards and vineyards after first flush of growth or when residues can lodge on or in fruit.

Reduced germination of wheat and barley may occur due to combination of following circumstances and the use of this product:

- Short coleoptile cultivars
- Use of seed dressings (except Vitavax*)
- · Shallow or uneven seedling depth.

Drift Warning: DO NOT apply under meteorological conditions or from spraying equipment which could be expected to cause spray drift onto nearby susceptible plants, adjacent crops, crop lands or pastures.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

D0 N0T contaminate streams, rivers or waterways with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a dry well-ventilated area, out of direct sunlight. D0 NOT store below 5°C. Extended storage below 5°C can result in the formation of crystals on the bottom of the container. If crystallisation does occur, store the container on its side at room temperature and rock occasionally until crystals re- dissolve. Ensure any crystals are dissolved before adding to the spray tank.

The method of disposal of the container depends on the container type. Read the Storage and Disposal instructions on the label that is attached to the container.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Harmful if swallowed. Will irritate the eyes and skin. Repeated exposure may cause allergic disorders. Sensitive workers should use protective clothing. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. When opening the container and using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls, buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat and elbow length PVC gloves and face shield or goggles. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone 13 11 26). If swallowed DO NOT induce vomiting. Give a glass of water.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Additional information is listed in the material safety data sheet (MSDS). A material safety data sheet for FARMALINX Trifluralinx 480 Herbicide is available from FARMALINX Pty Ltd on request. Call Customer Service on 02 9389 2455.

NOTICE: Seller warrants that the product conforms to its chemical description and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated on the label when used in accordance with directions under normal conditions of use. No warranty (other than non-excludable statutory warranties) of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, express or implied, extends to the use of the product contrary to label instructions, or under off-label permits not endorsed by FARMALINX Pty Ltd or under abnormal conditions. FARMALINX Pty Ltd or under abnormal conditions. FARMALINX estorage, handling or use.

* Other trademarks



FARMALINX Pty Ltd ABN 95 134 353 245 Level 25, Suite 2506, Tower 2, 101 Grafton Street, Bondi Junction NSW 2022 T: 02 9389 2455 F: 02 9389 2844 Website: www.farmalinx.com

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